DATE OF ISSUE: JUNE, 1946

2.970'' - 2.969''3.0325'' - 3.0315''

 $3 \cdot 126'' - 3 \cdot 125''$... $2 \cdot 5005'' - 2 \cdot 4995''$...

1.500'' - 1.4995''

 $1.625'' \stackrel{.}{=} 1.6245'' \dots$

 $1.375'' - 1.37475'' \dots$

 $1.500'' - 1.49975'' \dots$

DATA SHEET—No. 3

STANDARD SIZES—continued

7 H.P.

8 н.р. -С.А. Van

10 н.р.

7-8 н.р. and С.А. Van

10 H.P.

7-8 H.P. and C.A. Van

10 н.р.

*ylinders

Grankshaft big end journals

Grankshaft main journals

*appet clearances

·006 clearance.

sued as replacements.

Menoting year of manufacture

and 006 for engines after this number.

The first figure of manufacture.	engine number	on pre-war	models	denotes	year	of
7 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	VALVE TIMIN		3)			,3
•	. (7 and	8 н.р.)		•		

Running clearance is .002 for all valves up to Engine No. 6/4/3100 (1936)

When retiming valves the inlet valve should be given 006 clearance on hose engines running with 002 clearance and 012 on those running with

The difference in clearance was made necessary by a change in camshaft design, and these camshafts being interchangeable the later type have been

It is therefore possible for an engine with a number prior to 6/4/3100 to equire 006 running valve clearance (increased to 012 when retiming).

It is doubt as to type of camshaft fitted set all values to 006. If the camshaft requiring 002 valve clearance is fitted the tappets will be exceptionally roisy. Engines originally fitted with the later type camshaft requiring 006 running valve clearance, have this clearance stamped on the

SPECIAL NOTE

engine plate attached to the top of the timing case.